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Section A. Overview

These application guidelines are for all Tourism Development (TD) applications. Any eligible applicant must follow the instructions and information within this Chapter in order to apply for any TD resources.

The purpose of the Tourism Development (TD) Category is to provide investments in effective and affordable tourist attraction facilities to quality communities that are investing in long-term development. This provides a sound basis for assisting tourist attraction projects that have attracted significant financial support and are likely to have long-term positive impacts on their local and regional economies. Tourist attractions projects that serve both a regional and a local economy of community need are a key element in satisfying the state objective. The objective of Tourism Development is to assist tourism development projects that have already attracted significant financial support and are likely to have long-term positive impacts on the local and regional economies.

The maximum grant amount for TD activities is up to $350,000 and the minimum amount is $50,000 per community or unincorporated county.

For the current Program Year, $500,000 in CDBG funds are anticipated for TD activities.

FOR MORE INFORMATION
For further information, please contact the following primary contact for this program. See also Chapter 1 for more information and Chapter 10 for the Exhibits for the application.

Steve Charleston
Nebraska Department of Economic Development
Housing and Community Development Division
PO Box 94666, Lincoln, NE 68509-4666
Phone: 1 (402) 471-3757 (or) 1 (800) 426-6505
Fax: (402) 471-8405
Email: steve.charleston@nebraska.gov
http://opportunity.nebraska.gov/community
1. ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS
Except as provided for in Section 1.03 of the Application Guidelines, eligible applicants include every Nebraska incorporated municipality or Nebraska county (that is not a CDBG Entitlement Community). See the “Fundability Threshold Requirements” for specific thresholds that are also considered in determining eligibility. For more information, see Sections 1.01 and 1.03 of the Application Guidelines.

2. ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES
The following activities are eligible within the TD Program. Please note, eligible tourism development projects, define tourist attractions (for profit, public, or private) that are expected to draw 2,500 visits or more from origins of at least 100 miles away.

If any activity is not noted within the list below, please consult the primary contact.

- Historic Restorations
- Scientific and Educational Interpretive Educational Sites & Facilities
- Participatory Sports Facilities
- Convention Centers
- Cultural and Heritage Recreational Sites and Facilities
- Supporting Activities that include Removal of Material and Architectural Barriers that Restrict the Mobility and Accessibility to sites/Facilities for the Elderly and Severely Disabled Individuals in Support of Eligible Tourism Activities.

For more information, see Section 3.04 of the Application Guidelines.

3. GRANT AMOUNTS & MATCHING FUNDS
The maximum grant amount for a TD project is $350,000 of CDBG Tourism Development funds. The minimum amount an applicant shall apply for is $50,000, which includes administrative and audit costs. No more than $8,000 may be used for construction management, and no more than 10% of the amount of the grant or $15,000 whichever is less may be used for general administration.

NOTE: The applicant must not use grant funding for general administrative support for the local government or a regional organization. TD funds are for either the physical development of a new tourism attraction or physical improvements to existing tourism attractions. TD funds will not replace current funding levels of local and regional organizations.

Match Requirements
Under the TD program category, activities require a 25% match. No more than half of the total project match may be in-kind source contributions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Match</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tourism Development</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Proposed match must be from CDBG eligible activities directly related to the proposed project(s) or directly benefitting a substantial majority of the LMI persons or families residing within the service area during the grant award period.

Consideration for match will be given for such sources as public and/or private funds, or in-kind services such as materials, labor, or other items that are directly related to the project. The amount of match must be calculated in dollars.

_The applicant would be allowed 10% of $15,000, whichever is less of the CDBG award for General Administration. Up to $8,000 can be used for Construction Management._

**General Administration and Construction Management do not require match.**

For more information, see _Section 4.02_ of the Application Guidelines.

### 4. APPLICATION DUE DATES AND PROCESS

Applications are prepared at the applicants’ expense and costs are not reimbursable. Applications for TD program category will be accepted beginning May 1, 2017 and considered on an open cycle.

Applications will be reviewed, by DED, according to the selection criteria established in _Section 5.03_ of the Application Guidelines.

Applications recommended for award through these processes will be presented to DED’s Director for a grant award (i.e. Notice of Approval). DED will send a formal Notice of Approval Letter to the applicant upon approval of the recommendation. A letter of non-selection will be issued to those applicants not recommended for award.

### 5. FUNDABILITY THRESHOLD REVIEW CRITERIA

The following threshold requirements must be met by the local government applicant in order to be eligible for program resources. These requirements include:

a. Applicant is eligible  

b. Activities proposed are eligible and comply with CDBG National Objectives and State CDBG priorities.  

c. Applicant has no significant, unresolved audit fighting.  

d. Applicant has no legal actions under way that may significantly impact its capacity  

e. Applicant is following a detailed Citizen Participation Plan (CPP) and Anti-Displacement Plan  

f. Applicant has adopted an authorizing participation resolution  

g. Applicant must have addressed and cleared all compliance problems (i.e. Davis Bacon, acquisition, fair housing, etc.), if any, from past awarded projects, and have had a response accepted by DED  

h. Applicant is current with all reporting requirements (semi-annual status reports, closeout reports, audit reports, notification of annual audits, etc.)  

i. Applicant has shown progress (including expenditures) on prior CDBG grants.

---

**CDBG National Objective**

All TD projects funded, and CDBG-funded project activities, must meet a National Objective of the CDBG Program. This includes:
A project or project activity that fails to meet the national objective is ineligible for CDBG resources.

For more information, see Section 2.01 of the Application Guidelines.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tourism Development Category – Key Maximums and Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Individuals Community or County; or Joint Application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$350,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Administration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10% or $15,000 whichever is less</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction Management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$8,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Matching funds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25% of non-admin CDBG costs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. POST AWARD REQUIREMENTS

Each eligible application must also comply with any necessary post award requirements. These requirements include Environmental Review, Davis-Bacon compliance, Procurement, etc. For more information, and for a complete list of Post Award Requirements, see Section 5.06 of the Application Guidelines.

7. APPLICATION SELECTION CRITERIA MATRIX

Applicants are required to submit a one-page summary describing the nature and scope of the project. This summary is utilized to determine eligibility of project activities and provides overall context to the selection criteria. This summary is of vital importance to the ability of DED to review and score an application based on the thresholds set forth in this section. Details can be further articulated under the subsequent project narrative and/or use of supplemental attachments provided by the applicant to substantiate project need, impact, readiness, and community support.

The matrix below describes each selection criteria as a numerical score within the TD Category. The maximum number of points available within any application is 1,000 points. A minimum score of 300 points is required and some criteria require a minimum score as noted below. All selection criteria will be scored in five-point increments and shall be scored on a scale.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TD Selection Criteria</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Threshold Minimum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Project Need</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Project Impact</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Project Readiness</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Community Support</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Match</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. LMI Benefit</td>
<td>50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Municipal Equalization Fund (MEF) Score</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,000 points</strong></td>
<td><strong>300 points</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For more information see Section B. Application Forms and Instructions, and for a complete list of selection criteria, see Section 5.03 of the Application Guidelines.
Section B. Application Forms & Instructions

This section contains all forms and exhibits to be submitted so that your application can be scored and ranked effectively. Application narratives should be clear and concise. The Department reserves the right to verify all information, and to consult with other agencies on the proposed project. The Department may “non-select” any application that does not contain all of the required items and these items cannot be verified.

If there are more applicants requesting funds than there are funds available, applicants must carefully read and review the Application Guidelines and the selection criteria described to develop a competitive application. Applicants must attach a Table of Contents to their application; this is provided on the following page. In submitting your application, these instructions must be followed:

Submit ORIGINAL; a complete PDF copy (10 MB max), and TWO (2) copies [Parts I-IV only].

- Two-holed punched at top.
- Do not fold, staple, or bind in anyway.
- Recommend, no less than 2” top margin and 1” side and bottom margins.
- Table of Contents must be included.
- All pages must be numbered in sequence at the bottom of the page.
- All Exhibits must be labeled at the bottom of the page, right-hand corner.
- All Attachments must be labeled at the bottom of the page, right-hand corner.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in your application being returned for you to correct and resubmit. All applicants will be given one week to correct and resubmit their application.

PAGES MUST BE TWO-HOLE PUNCHED AT TOP. DO NOT BIND, FOLD, OR STAPLE.

Below is an outline of a TD application:

- Cover Sheet (include project name and location)
- Table of Contents (use Table of Contents Checklist)
- Part I. General Information (use required form)
- Part II. Funding Summary (use required form)
- Part III. Project Budget
- Part IV. Project Description & Scoring Criteria
  - Project Summary (follow instructions, See Section 5.03)
- Part V. Required Exhibits and Attachments
  - Required Attachments
  - Required Exhibits (See Exhibits Chapter for more information)
- Part VI. Additional Attachments (if applicable, supplemental materials provided by applicant)
Table of Contents & Checklist

Applicants must attach this Table of Contents to their application. Type in additional appendix items as deemed necessary to your project. List appropriate page numbers under **PAGE NUMBER** column. ***Please note: Table of Contents continues on the following page***

*Please use the language verbatim in each exhibit. Incorrect language may cause a delay in application review and award, if successful. Also, provide the bracketed information as requested in each exhibit. The omission or incomplete description as requested in bracketed text may cause a delay in application review and awards.*

### PROJECT INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>PAGE NUMBER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>General Information</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>Funding Summary</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III</td>
<td>Project Budget</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV</td>
<td>Project Description &amp; Scoring Criteria</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>One Page Summary</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Item 1 – Project Need</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Item 2 – Project Impact</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Item 3 – Project Readiness</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Item 4 – Community Support</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Item 5 – Match</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Item 6 – LMI Benefit</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Item 7 – MEF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Item 8 – Bonus Points</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Part V – Required Attachments

- Attachment 1 – Facility Floor Plan (for all building projects)
- Attachment 2 – Commitment letters for all sources listed in Part II

### Part V – Required Exhibits

- **A.** Notice of Public Hearing
- **B.** Authorizing Resolution Endorsing Project
- **C1.** Statement of Assurances and Certifications
- **C2.** Citizen Participation Plan
- **D.** Residential Anti-Displacement & Relocation Assistance Plan
- **E1.** LMI Documentation/Low- to Moderate-Income Worksheet *(Only for LMI Area Benefit)*
E2. LMI Random Sample Worksheet *(Only for LMI Area Benefit)* .................................................................
E3. LMC Worksheet *(Only for Limited Clientele)* ..............................................................................................
E4. Job Creation/Retention Information *(Only for LMI)* ....................................................................................
K1. Waiver of Procurement Process* ................................................................................................................
K2. Procurement Process Completed Prior to Application** ........................................................................
L. Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA) Form ....................................................
M. Map of Proposed Project Area ......................................................................................................................
N. System for Award Management (SAM) Record and Clearance Documentation ........................................
O1. Four Factor Analysis Assessing Limited English Proficiency .................................................................
O2. Language Assistance Plan *(optional at the time of application)**** ............................................................

Part VI – Additional Attachments (when applicable)
Attachment (number and title) ...........................................................................................................................

*Only required when Applicant will act in its official capacity or has retained the services of a professional and can provide documentation to the appointed person(s) or firm(s) for three

**Only required when the procurement process has been completed prior to the application, all procurement procedures must follow state and federal requirements when CDBG funds are used.

***Language Access Plan is only required if found to be necessary through completion of the Four Factor Analysis Assessing Limited English Proficiency.
Part I – General Information

Type or print all information except where signatures are required.

1. **Applicant Identification:** Enter the name, mailing address, telephone, and fax number of the local government that is the applicant in an individual application or the lead applicant in a joint application. Enter the name of the local government contact person. Such a person the applicant’s employee who is most familiar with the application, and not a regional council, or community action agency staff person, consultant or other applicant non-employee. Include the Federal Tax Identification number and DUNS number of the Applicant. The DUNS number can be obtained via D&B online at [http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform](http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform) or requested by phone at 866-705-5711 or for persons with a hearing impairment, the TTY number is 866-814-7818. Enter the e-mail address for the local unit of government or local contact.

2. **Person Preparing Application:** Enter the name, mailing address, and telephone number of the person who prepared the application. If prepared by a firm, identify the staff contact person, include the Federal Tax Identification number of the firm, development district, or nonprofit. Provide preparer’s email address. Check the appropriate application preparer status box. For more information regarding use of consultants, see Section 5.04 of the Application Guidelines.

3. **Activity Type:** Check the appropriate box under which funds are being requested.

4. **Funding Sources:** Enter the dollar amounts of CDBG funds requested for this project. Enter the amount of all other funds identified in the application that you are committing to this project. **ROUND AMOUNTS TO THE NEAREST DOLLAR.** (Other funds include matching funds. Matching Funds are those project funds required in Section 4.02. Be certain that the figures are added correctly and are the same as provided in Part II).

5. **Application Type:** Check the appropriate application type box under which funds are being requested.

6. **Project Summary:** Provide a short, explicit description of the project activities in measurable terms for which funds are requested. There is no need to include funding information. **IN ADDITION, ATTACH A ONE-PAGE PROJECT SUMMARY AS A PART OF PROJECT NARRATIVE.** For a joint application, attach a copy of the written agreement as stipulated in Section 1.03(3) and include a list of other applicants. For more information about the one-page project summary, see Part IV and Section 5.03 of the Application Guidelines.

7. **Certifying Official:** Only the signature of the applicant’s chief elected official will be accepted. Blue ink for signature is advisable. Alternate signatures (e.g. city council president, city manager) are not allowed, except where there exist extenuating circumstances (e.g. chief elected official is out for an extended period of time), and the applicant receives prior written approval from DED. Type the name and title of both signers and the date of their signatures.
## Tourism Development (TD) Application
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)
Nebraska Department of Economic Development (DED)

### PART I. GENERAL INFORMATION

#### 1. APPLICANT IDENTIFICATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Applicant Name</th>
<th>Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mailing Address</td>
<td>Address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City, State, ZIP</td>
<td>City, State, ZIP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Government Contact</td>
<td>Telephone #</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone</td>
<td>Federal ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fax Number</td>
<td>Email Address</td>
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<tr>
<td>Federal ID #</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DUNS #</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email Address</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAM Expiration Date</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 2. PERSON PREPARING APPLICATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Local Staff</th>
<th>Out-of-State Consultant</th>
<th>In-State Consultant</th>
<th>Non-Profit</th>
<th>Economic Development District</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 3. ACTIVITY TYPE

- [ ] Tourism Development
- [ ] CDBG Funds Requested $ ___

#### 4. FUNDING SOURCE

- [ ] Other Funds $ ___
- [ ] Total Project Funds $ ___
  (Round amounts to the nearest dollar.)

#### 5. APPLICATION TYPE

- [ ] Individual
- [ ] Joint

#### 6. PROJECT SUMMARY

- [ ] One-page project summary attached

#### 7. CERTIFYING OFFICIAL

Chief elected officer of local government requesting CDBG funds.

To the best of my knowledge and belief, data, and information in this application are true and correct, including any commitment of local or other resources. This application has been duly authorized by the governing body of the applicant following an official public hearing. This applicant will comply with all federal and state requirements governing the use of CDBG funds.

Signature in Blue Ink | Typed Name and Title | Date Signed
---|---|---

Attest | Typed Name and Title | Date Signed
---|---|---

PAGES MUST BE TWO-HOLE PUNCHED AT TOP. DO NOT BIND, FOLD, OR STAPLE.
Part II – Funding Summary

INSTRUCTIONS: Using the activity code number and description provided on the Funding Summary, enter the national objective code for each activity (as identified on the application form).

Enter the dollar amount of CDBG funds requested for each major activity. Enter the amount of other funds *that you are committing* to each activity and identify the source. All matching funds shown on the application must comply with all CDBG requirements. Select the single most specific code to describe the nature of the activity being funded. For example, if property will be acquired and a senior center will be constructed with CDBG funds, code the activities 091 Senior Center rather than 010 Acquisition. You would include appraisal, acquisition, architectural, and construction costs with 091 Senior Center. You would include costs for environmental review, fair housing activities, labor standards enforcement, record keeping, progress reports, general office expenses, contractual services for administration, and audits under 0181 General Administration.

**Note:** Labor Standards Enforcement costs can now be identified under 0181 General Administrative Activity or 0380 Construction Management Activity.

Limit Funding Summary to allowable CDBG eligible costs incurred during the CDBG program period only. Exclude any “other” project costs not eligible for CDBG reimbursement or match (i.e. test holes completed, preliminary architectural or engineering fees incurred or obligated prior to Release of Funds, fees for services not procured by CDBG guidelines, equipment or furnishings not affixed to building, etc.). Written documentation of commitment of source matching funds must be included as Attachment 2.

**Identify the sources of other funds and provide written documentation of availability of matching funds. Please be certain that the figures are correctly added and the column totals are the same as provided in the Part I – Application.**

For more information, see *Sections 4.01 and 4.02* of the Application Guidelines.
### PART II – FUNDING SUMMARY (Round amounts to the nearest dollar)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity Code-Activity</th>
<th>*National Objective</th>
<th>CDBG Funds</th>
<th>**Matching Funds</th>
<th>Total Funds</th>
<th>Sources of Matching Funds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>010 Acquisition/Easements</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>030 Clearance/Demolition</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>070 Public Facilities &amp; Improvements</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>090 Community Centers</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>390 Clearance Activities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>450 Relocation</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>380 Construction Management</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>490 Architectural Barriers</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>690 Fixed Assets/ Land &amp; Buildings</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>750 Fixed Assets/ Machinery &amp; Equipment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0180 Total Non-Administration</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0181 General Administration</td>
<td></td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**1000 TOTAL PROGRAM COSTS**

* **MATCHING FUNDS**: Provide Attachment 2, written documentation supporting the amount and source of funding. The documentation should come from the provider of the matching funds.

### NATIONAL OBJECTIVE:

For each activity, enter the most appropriate National Objective Code. See Section 2.01 of the Application Guidelines for more information. The CDBG National Objectives include:

- **LMA**: Benefit Low/Moderate Income Person Area Basis: Attach Exhibit E, E1 or E2
  - Census Data ____% or (year) Income Survey ____%
- **LMC**: Benefit Low/Moderate Income Persons on a Limited Clientele Basis. Attach Exhibit E3
- **LMJ**: Benefit Low/Moderate Jobs. Attach Exhibit E4
- **SBA**: Activities benefitting slums/blight on an area basis
  - Designated: (year) Re-designated (where applicable): (year).
- **SBS**: Activities benefitting slums/blight on a spot basis
  - Designated: (year) Re-designated (where applicable): (year).

**070 PUBLIC FACILITIES & IMPROVEMENTS**: For remodel shelter facilities for the homeless (excludes costs for operation) and parks (a new facility/improvement or a quantifiable increase of an existing facility/improvement).
Part III – Project Budget

INSTRUCTIONS: The proposed budget includes project delivery costs and administration costs as stated in the project budget text. All items listed as match and CDBG costs must be allowable and eligible under the CDBG Program.

Information provided in this section will be used to evaluate the accuracy and reasonableness of activity costs estimate shown on Part II Funding Summary of the application. Indicate the date and source of cost estimates. The applicant must attach separate information detailing their project budget.

Provide the following information on separate sheet(s) of paper behind Part II of the application. Information provided in this section will be used to evaluate the accuracy and reasonableness of activities and cost estimates shown in the application. Indicate the date and source of cost estimates. Provide name, address, phone, and e-mail of person(s) who prepared the estimates. All items listed as match and CDBG costs must be allowable and eligible under the CDBG Program. The Department reserves the right to clarity budgeted items for specifics and clarity during the application review prior to award.

Project Delivery Costs
Providing a breakdown of the costs of the project, list the activity description and activity code number for each activity (other than general administration). Under each activity, provide a breakdown of the major costs that comprise that activity. Information provided in this section is used to evaluate the accuracy and reasonableness of activity cost estimates shown on Part II of the application. Indicate the date and source of cost estimates.

Common line item costs are real property acquisition, legal expenses, architectural and engineering fees, project inspection fees, site work, demolition and removal, construction, equipment, miscellaneous (detailed information) and contingencies (detailed information).

If the project includes work to be performed by volunteers or in-kind contributions by the local government or other organizations, include the value of the volunteer or in-kind donations under the appropriate budget line item. This will be referenced in your CDBG contract, if awarded.

Please note that project costs not eligible for CDBG reimbursement or match and not claimed on the Part II Funding Summary may be identified here as a separate subtotal to clarify total project costs. Such “other” costs may include architectural or engineering fees incurred or obligated prior to Release of Funds, fees for services not procured, equipment, or furnishings not affixed to building, etc.

Administration Costs
The general administration (activity number 0181) budget includes those costs that are administrative in nature with exception of pre-program costs, such as payment or reimbursement of application preparation fees, costs of conducting local surveys, etc.

Common line items costs are environmental review, fair housing activities, financial audit (if necessary), labor standards enforcement, preparation of required grant progress reports and drawdowns.
If many of the general administration duties are to be performed by local government personnel, it is acceptable to use salaries and benefits as a line item cost. However, it should be noted what specific duties are to be performed under the salaries and benefits line item.
Applicants should use this portion of the application to describe the challenges and opportunities within the project area and how the project can address identified community development needs. Provide specific information about the issues and/or problems the project will address, line item budget, preliminary schedule, and how the project fulfills the selected National Objective information in this section.

One-page Project Summary Instructions
Applicants are required to submit a one-page summary describing the nature and scope of the project. This summary is utilized to determine eligibility of project activities and provides overall context to the selection criteria for scoring of applications, as such, it is of vital importance to the ability of DED to review and score an application. This summary should include a how the project proposes to address one primary objective and outcome as described in Section 2.03 of the Application Guidelines. For example, the proposed housing study will provide the opportunity for improved affordability of decent housing in Anytown.

The Matrix below describes each selection criteria as a numerical score within the TD Program. The maximum number of points available within any application is 1,000 points. A minimum score of 300 points is required and some criteria require a minimum score as noted below. All selection criteria will be scored in five point increments and shall be scored on a scale.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TD Selection Criteria</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Threshold Minimum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Project Need</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Project Impact</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Project Readiness</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Community Support</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Match</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. LMI Benefit</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Municipal Equalization Fund (MEF) Score</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,000 points</strong></td>
<td><strong>300 points</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 1. Project Need
Up to 200 points possible. If the minimum of 75 points is not met, the application will not be reviewed further. The level of project need will be compared to other applicants.

The application narrative shall be scored for:
- a. Explanations of the overall purpose of the project application and factual information that illustrates the tourism development needs
- b. Past efforts to resolve the address the needs for tourism development
- c. Stated goals and objectives for addressing the needs with a description of how the community will be included in the citizen participation process in order to determine the objectives.

### 2. Project Impact
200 points maximum possible. If minimum of 75 points is not met, the application will not be reviewed further. Describe the importance of project activities to the community and provide clarity on how the project will...
benefit those identified by a CDBG National Objective. The significance of the project impact will be scored as compared to other applicants.

Within this section, the applicant should explain what the expected outcome of the project will be and the positive impact on local and regional economies.

3. **Project Readiness**

Up to 250 points possible. **If minimum of 100 points are not met, the application will not be reviewed further.** The level of capacity and commitment by the community will be scored as compared to other applicants.

4. **Community Support**

Up to 150 points possible. **If the minimum of 50 points is not met, the application will not be reviewed further.** Applicant’s description of public participation and the process used to identify community needs and allocate resources to address needs will be compared to other applicants.

The following criteria will be taken into consideration when determining the community score for the Citizen Participation section.

- Completed a comprehensive needs assessment
- The needs assessment process includes documented citizen participation
- Developed, distributed, and analyzed a community needs survey
- Held public meetings to discuss the outcomes on the community needs analysis
- Documentation showing the community needs assessment took place within the past 3 years
- Developed a priority list using the community needs assessment process
- Developed a strategy to address items in order of the communities priority list
- A record of conducting other community and economic development efforts with significant citizen involvement within the last three years that address items ranked on the communities priority list
- The community has adopted or updated a comprehensive plan, housing study, and/or a capital improvement plan within the last five years
- The community can show evidence of economic initiatives such as: LB840, completing a business retention and expansion survey, or other viable fundraising efforts

5. **Matching Funds**

Up to 50 points is possible. No minimum points in this section are required in order to meet threshold. Applicants that commit local funds (including “other” funds and/or in-kind contributions) to the project’s non-administrative activities that exceed the required match will be eligible for additional points. The table below further describes these criteria.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Matching Funds Exceeding</th>
<th>Points Available</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10% or greater</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-9.99%</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3-4.99%</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less than 3%</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6. LMI Benefit
Up to 50 points possible. No minimum points in this section are required in order to meet threshold. This scoring category is designed to give points to communities with higher concentrations of LMI persons. Communities with a LMI population of 55% or more will receive 50 points. Communities with a LMI population between 51% - 54.99% will receive no points in this section. Narrative is not required under this section, the submitted documentation within Exhibit E will be reviewed by the Department.

7. Municipal Equalization Fund (MEF)
A Municipal Equalization Fund (MEF) score will be generated for each community that has applied for this program category. This aid formula provides a way of looking at needs and resources while at the same time ensuring that local governments provide a level of local resources. DED will incorporate the MEF calculation into the scoring criteria for this program category. Narrative is not required under this section.
Part V – Exhibits and Attachments

This section contains specific information on the Exhibits that are required for the project as well as any necessary Attachments that must be also be provided in order for the applicant to submit a complete application.

The list of required exhibits attachments are identified below as well as provided within the Table of Contents Checklist. All Exhibit information and templates can be found in Chapter 10, Exhibits.

The following Exhibits include the certification and documentation requirements for the TD application. These Exhibits must be submitted with the application.

- **Exhibit A:** Notice of Public Hearing (including Proof of Publication or Certificate of Posting and summary of citizen’s comments)
- **Exhibit B:** Authorizing Resolution (Original or Certified copy)
- **Exhibit C1:** Statement of Assurances and Certifications
- **Exhibit C2:** Citizen Participation Plan
- **Exhibit D:** Residential Anti-displacement and Relocation Assistance Plan
- **Exhibit E1:** Census Worksheet (only for LMI area benefit)
- **Exhibit E2:** LMI Random Sample Worksheet (only for LMI area benefit)
- **Exhibit E3:** LMC Worksheet (Limited Clientele)
- **Exhibit E4:** Job Creation/Retention Information
- **Exhibit F1:** Slum and Blight Area Basis Documentation *(where appropriate)*
- **Exhibit F2:** Slum and Blight Spot Basis Documentation *(where appropriate)*
- **Exhibit K1:** Waiver of Procurement Process and Narrative
- **Exhibit K2:** Procurement Process completed prior to Application and Narrative
- **Exhibit L:** FFATA Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act
- **Exhibit M:** Map of Proposed Project Area (See Item 5 of Part IV Project Description)
- **Exhibit N:** Systems for Award Management (SAM) Record and Clearance Documentation
- **Exhibit O1:** Four Factor Analysis Assessing Limited English Proficiency
- **Exhibit O2:** Language Assistance Plan (optional at the time of application)

**NOTE:** Exhibit K1 is only required where Applicant will act in its official capacity or has retained the services of a professional and provides documentation to the appointed person(s) or firm(s) for three consecutive years, including the program year for which they are seeking funds. Exhibit K2 is applicable only when the procurement process has been completed prior to the application, all procurement procedures must follow state and federal requirements when CDBG funds are used regardless of time of completion. A narrative and supplemental documentation is required. For additional information about procurement and the use of consultants, see Section 5.02 and 5.05 of the Application Guidelines.

The following attachments are required (where applicable) for the TD application.

- Attachment 1: Facility Floor Plan (for all building projects)
- Attachment 2: Commitment letters for all sources listed in Part II and Part IV – Item 3

Any additional attachments are provided within the application should be appropriately labeled and noted as the information provided within the Table of Contents Checklist.
Section C. Application Guidelines

The primary objective of Nebraska’s non-entitlement Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program is to develop viable communities and counties by providing decent housing, suitable living environments, and expanding economic opportunities principally for low-and-moderate income (LMI) persons. As the designated state administering agency, the Nebraska Department of Economic Development (DED) accomplishes this objective by funding activities authorized under the federal Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, and designed to meet the objectives for the CDBG Community Development category. These particular guidelines concern Tourism Development (TD) program category. Guidelines for other CDBG programs can be obtained from DED. If additional guidance from HUD is received, DED will notify all applicants of any new requirement by Policy Memo.

Section 1.01 Eligible Applicants
Except as provided in Section 1.03, eligible applicants include every Nebraska country and incorporated municipality under 50,000 in population and are not classified as a CDBG Entitlement Community (Omaha, Lincoln, Bellevue, and Grand Island).

Section 1.02 Types of Applicants
Eligible applicants may submit one of two types of applications:

1. **Individual**: Except as provided in Section 1.03, an eligible municipality may apply only for projects within its corporate limits, and an eligible county may apply only for such projects or activities in unincorporated areas.

2. **Joint**: Eligible applicants may jointly apply for projects when it can be clearly documented that mutual action by the applicants is required. The applicant local government in a multi-jurisdictional application must also be a direct participant in the study/project. The applicant local government cannot serve only as a pass through for CDBG funds or only as the general administrator of the study/project.

Section 1.03 Special Policies for Applicants
Special policies affecting Section 1.01 and Section 1.02 are:

1. A municipality may not submit an application for projects undertaken outside its corporate limits unless the projects either:
   a. Occur within its zoning jurisdiction; or
   b. Involve property acquired by the municipality prior to project implementation through purchase, donation, or a permanent easement.

2. A country may not submit an application for projects undertaken within the corporate limits or zoning jurisdiction of a municipality unless the projects involves either:
   a. Public facilities within an eligible incorporated municipality that are owned or operated by the county; or
   b. Activities provided county-wide, either directly by the county or through contract with another local or area agency.
3. A joint application must include a written agreement made in accordance with state law (Interlocal Cooperation Act) that
   a. Stipulates that the parties will cooperate in undertaking the project;
   b. Delineates responsibilities and authorities of each party with respect to grant administration; and
   c. Authorizes one of the parties to act as primary agent for administrative and monitoring purposes.

   The applicant local government in a multi-jurisdictional application must also be a direct participant in the study/project. The applicant local government cannot serve only as a pass-through for CDBG funds or only as the general administrator of the study/project.

4. If an application requires participation of entities that are not eligible applicants, each such entity must provide written assurance that it concurs with the project and is committing its resources, if any, as stated in the application. A grantee/sub-grantee agreement that stipulates the decision making authority, administration, contract compliance, reporting, etc., should be executed and submitted with the application. In all instances the grantee has the final responsibility for implementation of the project and must retain environmental and financial responsibility.

5. Eligible applicants may provide CDBG funds to a sub grantee neighborhood-based nonprofit organization. Note: proof of nonprofit status, such as a Secretary of State designation, must be included with the application.

Section 2.01 Compliance with the National CDBG Objective

The primary national CDBG objective is the development of viable urban communities by providing decent housing, suitable living environments, and expanding economic opportunities, principally for low-and-moderate income persons. Under these guidelines, this is accomplished by funding projects that meet at least one of three national objectives. Based on the amended 1974 HCD Act and HUD guidance, the national objectives are defined and clarified by DED as follows:

1. **Benefit to Low-and-Moderate Income Persons** (referred to throughout this document as LMI persons):
   LMI persons are defined as a member of a family having an income equal to or less than the income limits established by HUD for their resident county. The income limits established by HUD at [www.huduser.org/datasets/il.html](http://www.huduser.org/datasets/il.html) are determined for each Nebraska County on the higher either: 80% of the median income of the county, or 80% of the median income of the entire non-metropolitan area of the state.

   Activities meeting one or more of the following criteria, in the absence of substantial evidence to the contrary, will be considered to meet this national objective.

   a. **Area Benefit Activities (LMA):** An area benefit activity is available to all residents of an area that is primarily residential. In order to qualify on an area basis, the activity must meet the identified needs of LMI persons residing in an area where at least 51% of the residents are LMI persons. The benefits of this type of activity are available to all residents in the area regardless of income. If the assisted activity serves an area having a LMI concentration below 51%, the activity may not qualify even if there is reason to believe that it will actually be used primarily by LMI persons.

   Such an area need not be coterminous with census tract or other officially recognized boundaries, but must be the ENTIRE area served by the activity (i.e. an arterial street or...
sewer interceptor line running through a neighborhood would serve more residents than those in the immediate neighborhood).

To determine the percentage of LMI persons in the target area, grantees may review data from the most current US Census and should consider conducting an income survey in the designated project target area. Grantees would conduct an income survey of the residents within the project target area if data from the most current Census does not reflect current relative income levels in an area or census boundaries do not coincide with the service area of an activity.

Applicants must use survey methodology as set forth in Guidance for Survey Methodology to Determine Low/Mod Status of CDBG Service Areas located at: http://opportunity.nebraska.gov/community/grants/applications/cdbg-forms. Where an income survey has been conducted, the applicant must complete and submit Exhibit E1 or E2, LMI worksheet, and include a description of the methodology and income guidelines used.

The Department will accept income surveys conducted within the last four years of the current Program Year, provided the survey was conducted in accordance with HUD regulations and is determined to be methodologically sound.

b. **Limited Clientele Activities (LMC):** These are activities that provide a benefit to a specific group of persons rather than everyone in a general area. It may benefit particular persons without regard to the area in which they reside, or be an activity that provides benefit on an area basis but only to a specific group of persons who reside in the area. In either case, at least 51% of the beneficiaries of the activity must be LMI persons. Applicants will complete and submit Exhibit E3. To qualify under this subcategory, the activity must meet one of the following tests:

1. Exclusively benefit a clientele who are generally presumed by HUD to be principally LMI persons. The following groups are currently presumed by HUD to be made up principally of LMI persons: abused children, battered spouses, elderly persons, adults meeting Bureau of Census’ definition of severely disabled adults, homeless persons, illiterate adults, persons living with AIDS, and migrant farm worker.

2. Require information on family size and income so that it is evident that at least 51% of the clientele are persons whose family income does not exceed the LMI limit, this includes the case where the activity is restricted exclusively to LMI persons.

3. Be of such nature and in such location that it may reasonably be concluded that the activity’s clientele will primarily be LMI persons (e.g. a daycare center that is design to serve residents of a public housing complex).

4. Be an activity that removes material or architectural barriers to the mobility or accessibility of elderly persons or of adults meeting Bureau of Census’ Current Population Reports definition of “severely disabled”, provided it is restricted, to the
extent practicable, to the removal of such barriers by assisting the reconstruction of a public facility or improvement or rehabilitation of a privately-owned nonresidential building that does not qualify under LMI area benefit criteria.

Activities that serve an area generally cannot qualify under the Limited Clientele criterion. For example, while a clinic serving only persons with AIDS living in a particular area would clearly qualify as a Limited Clientele activity, a clinic providing CDBG-subsidized health services which are available to all persons in the area would not. It must instead meet the criteria for an Area Benefit activity.

c. **Job Creation/Job Retention (LMJ):** An activity generally meets this national objective when it is designed to create or retain permanent jobs where at least 51% of the jobs, computed on a full time equivalent (FTE) basis of 2,080 hours, involve the employment of LMI persons.

Permanent jobs are full- or part-time positions provided by the assisted business that will be, or can reasonably be expected to be, occupied for at least six continuous months. Seasonal jobs may be considered if the season recurs annually and lasts at least three consecutive months. All permanent jobs must be converted to FTEs. Temporary jobs (e.g. construction jobs) are not considered permanent jobs. Submit Exhibit E4.

For an activity that creates jobs, the local government must document by certification with the business that at least 51% of the permanent jobs will be held by or will be available to LMI persons.

(1) Permanent jobs will be considered **held by** LMI persons when the jobs are held for six or more continuous months by individuals who are LMI at the time of hire.

a. Permanent jobs will be considered to be **available to** LMI persons if:

   ▪ Special skills that can be only acquired with substantial training or work experience or education beyond high school are not a prerequisite to fill such jobs, or the business agrees to hire unqualified persons and provide training

   ▪ The local government and the assisted business take actions to ensure that LMI persons receive **first consideration** for filling such jobs. Principles involved in first consideration are:
     - The business must use a hiring practice that in all likelihood will results in 51% of the persons hired being LMI
     - The business must consider a sufficient number of LMI applicants to meet this intent
     - The distance from residence and the availability of transportation to the job site must be considered in determining whether a particular LMI person can be considered an applicant for the job.

(2) For an activity that retains permanent jobs, the local government must document through a certification by the business that permanent jobs would actually be lost
without the CDBG assistance and that at the time CDBG assistance is provided one of the following apply:

a. At least 51% of the permanent jobs are known to be filled by LMI persons
b. At least 51% of the permanent jobs can reasonably be expected to turn over within the following two years and that steps will be taken to ensure that the permanent jobs will be filled by, or made available to, LMI person upon turnover. (See 1 above for conditions when jobs are to be held by or available to LMI persons.

As a general rule, each assisted business shall be considered to be a separate activity for purposes of determining whether the activity qualifies under this objective. Where CDBG funds are used to acquire, develop, or improve real property (e.g. a business incubator or an industrial park), this objective may be met by measuring jobs in the aggregate for all the businesses that locate on the property, provided such businesses are not otherwise assisted by CDBG funds.

(3) If a business receives other CDBG assistance, the total CDBG amount cannot be more than $50,000 per job created/retained.

(4) If meeting the National Objective of Benefit to Low and Moderate Income person through job creation/retention funds an attraction, the total CDBG amount cannot be more than $50,000 per job created/retained. The minimum wage to qualify as a job meeting this criterion is $9.00 per hour.

**Job Creation/Retention Requirements:** The primary national CDBG objective is to expand employment opportunities, principally for low-and-moderate-income persons (LMI persons). To be eligible, a CDBG project must guarantee at least 51 percent of the permanent full-time equivalent jobs (FTE’s) created or retained are available to or taken by LMI person. Definitions for these terms are:

1. **Full Time Equivalent (FTE):** Jobs are computed on a full time equivalent basis of 2,080 hours per year or 40 hours per 52 weeks per year.

2. **LMI Person:** A person whose family income is equal to or less than the income limits for their resident country. Appendix A includes income limits for each Nebraska County.

3. **Permanent Jobs:** A job is permanent if it is a full- or part-time position and will be, or can reasonably be expected to be, available for at least six continuous months. Seasonal jobs may be considered. Not eligible are temporary jobs (i.e. construction jobs related only to the project’s new or renovated real estate) and jobs indirectly related to the assisted business. (i.e., trickle-down jobs). Generally contracted workers are not considered.

4. **Available To:** Jobs will be considered to be available to LMI person if special skills that can only be acquired with substantial training or work experience beyond high school
are not a prerequisite to fill the jobs and LMI person are given first consideration for such jobs.

(5) **Retained Jobs:** Retained jobs would be lost without CDBG assistance. Documentation is necessary to show that at least 51% of the jobs are known to be held by LMI person, or steps will be taken to ensure that at least 51% of the jobs which can reasonably be expected to become available through turnover within the following two years will be filled by or made available to, LMI persons.

2. **Aid in prevention or elimination of slums and blight:** “Slums” has the same meaning as substandard areas as defined in Section 18-2103(10) Neb. R.R.S. A copy of the Community Development law is available upon request from DED. Activities meeting one or more of the following criteria, in the absence of substantial evidence to the contrary, will be considered to meet this national objective.

   a. **On an Area Basis:** An activity will be considered to meet this objective if:
      
      (1) The area is designated by official action of the local government as substandard or blighted in accordance with the applicable state statute
      (2) There is a substantial number of deteriorated or deteriorating structures throughout the area, or public improvements throughout the area are in a general state of deterioration
      (3) The assisted activity is designed to address one or more of the conditions which contributed to the deterioration of the area.
      (4) Documentation is provided and maintained by the recipient
      (5) Activities to be assisted with CDBG funds must be limited to those that address one or more of the conditions that contributed to the deterioration of the area.

      Submit Exhibit F1.

   b. **On a Spot Basis:** An Activity must be designed to eliminate specific conditions of blight or physical decay not located in a designated slum or blighted area; and be limited to one of the following: acquisition, clearance, relocation, historic preservation, or rehabilitation of buildings, but only to the extent necessary to eliminate specific conditions detrimental to public health and safety. (Public improvements cannot qualify under this standard except for rehabilitation of public buildings and historic preservation of public property that is blighted). Submit Exhibit F2.

Qualifying activities under this National Objective either clearly eliminate objectively determinable signs of slums or blight in a defined slum or blighted area or are strictly limited to eliminating specific instances of blight outside such an area. HUD provides a list of four criteria all of which must be met, generally requiring that the area must be:

1. Officially designated and meet the requirements of State statutes;
2. Demonstrate signs of economic disinvestment, indicated by either:
   a. A substantial number of deteriorated or deteriorating buildings throughout the area or
b. As a whole, public improvements throughout the area must be in a general state of deterioration;

3. Documentation is maintained substantiating those conditions considered as a part of designation and re-designated every 10 years; and

4. The activities assisted with CDBG funds must be limited to those that address one or more of the conditions that contributed to the decline of the area.

**Section 2.02 Compliance with State Community Development Objective**

Several activities are eligible for assistance under Section 105(a) of the amended 1974 HCD Act. Although the state may not refuse to distribute CDBG funds for any eligible activity, the state can use criteria that have the effect of increasing the likelihood of certain activities being funded. Under the state program, CDBG funds will be distributed for the eligible activities listed in Section 3.04 that comply with the state priorities. In addition, all improvements must be either publicly owned or owned by a nonprofit and operated so as to be open to the general public during all normal hours of operation.

**Section 2.02 Compliance with State Priorities**

The State of Nebraska identified five priorities, which summarize the goals of the five-year Consolidated Plan. The main priorities and objectives within the current Program Year Annual Action Plan (AAP) include:

- Housing Priority Need
- Community Development Priority Need
- Economic Development Priority Need
- Homeless Services Priority Need
- HOPWA Services Priority Need

Through the development of the Consolidated Plan it was determined that there were three objectives guiding the proposed activities that include:

- Provide Decent Housing
- Provide a Suitable Living Environment
- Expand Economic Opportunity

**Three outcomes** were developed to show how programs and activities would benefit a community or the persons within a community served. The three outcomes that will illustrate the benefits of each activity funded by the CDBG, HOME, HTF, ESG, or HOPWA Programs are:

- Improved availability/accessibility
- Improved affordability
- Improved sustainability

**Section 3.01 Compliance with State Tourism Development Priorities**

The purpose of the Tourism Development (TD) Category is to provide investments in effective and affordable tourist attraction facilities to quality communities that are investing in long-term development. This provides a sound basis for assisting tourist attraction projects that have attracted significant financial support and are likely to have long-term positive impacts on their local and regional economies. Tourist attractions projects that serve both a regional and a local economy of community need are a key element in satisfying the state objective. The objective of Tourism Development is to assist tourism development projects that have already attracted
significant financial support and are likely to have long-term positive impacts on the local and regional economics.

Section 3.02 Special Policies for Activities
Special policies affecting activities listed in Section 3.04 are:

1. Facilities Containing Both Eligible and Ineligible Uses: A public factory otherwise eligible for assistance under the CDBG program may be provided with CDBG funds even if it part of a multiple use building containing ineligible uses, if: (a) the facility which is otherwise eligible and proposed for assistance will occupy a designated and discrete area within the larger facility; and (b) the grantee can determine the costs attributable to the facility proposed for assistance as separate and distinct from the overall costs of the multiple-use building and/or facility. Allowable costs are limited to those attributable to the eligible portion of the building or facility.

2. Fees for Use of Facilities: Reasonable fees may be charged for the use of the facilities assisted with CDBG funds. But charges, such as excessive membership fees, which will have the effect of precluding LMI person from using the facilities, are not permitted.

3. Special Assessments: The term special assessment means the recovery of the capital costs of a public improvement, such as streets, water or sewer lines, curbs, and gutters, through a fee or charge levied or field as a lien against a parcel of real estate at a direct result of benefit derived from the installation of a public improvement, or a one-time charge made as a condition of access to a public improvement. This term does not relate to taxes on property or the establishment of the value of real estate for the purpose of levying real estate, property, or ad valorem taxes, and does not include periodic charges based on the use of a public improvement, such as water or sewer user charges, even if such charges include the recovery of all or some portion of the capital costs of the public improvement.

Where CDBG funds are used to pay all or part of the cost of a public improvement, special assessments may be used to recover capital costs as follows: a) special assessments to recover the CDBG funds may be made only against properties not owned and occupied by LMI person (such assessments are program income), b) special assessments to recover the non-CDBG portion may be made provided that CDBG funds are used to pay the special assessment on behalf of all properties owned and occupied by LMI persons; except that CDBG funds need not be used to pay the special assessments on behalf of properties owned and occupied by moderate income person if the grantee certifies that it does not have sufficient CDBG funds to pay the assessments on behalf of all of the LMI owner-occupant persons (funds collected through such special assessments are not program income).

4. Target Area Definition: A target area is contiguous and substantial. Generally, substantial means a concentration of 100 or more families and primarily residential in character. A contiguous target area is generally delineated along block lines and by natural/man-made boundaries, such as streets, highways, railroads, and streams. Alleys and lot lines do not delineate target area boundaries exclusively. The entire community is considered the target area if there are less than 100 families. All target areas will be reviewed for direct effects of the assisted activity to LMI person and other person inside or outside the target area as well.
The target area for a county is a contiguous and substantial area of concentrated families or the entire unincorporated area. County applications exclude the incorporated areas, unless the county is a lead applicant in a joint application submitted in conformance with Section 1.03(3).

Target area must be appropriately designed to coincide with the project service area. Separate activities may suggest different target areas or a combined target area to be most effective.

Section 3.03 Ineligible Activates
This section identifies ineligible activities. In general, any tourism development activity not described or referenced in Section 3.04, or any tourism development activity that does not meet a national objective is ineligible for consideration. In addition, Tourism Development grants shall not be used for funds.

1. General administrative and audit costs that exceed the allowable 10% of non-administrative CDBG funds awarded.

2. Construction management costs, where applicable, that exceed the allowable $8,000 maximum.

3. Activities (sites, attractions, and establishments) that serve more often as tourism support facilities other than attractions, such as eating and drinking places, commercial lodging, accommodations, gasoline stations, and gift shops.

4. Direct development of a CDBG application.

5. Buildings, or portions thereof, used predominantly for the general conduct of government cannot be assisted with CDBG funds. Such buildings are defined as city and village halls, county administrative buildings, state capitols, or office buildings or other facilities in which the legislative or general administrative affairs of the government are conducted. This definition does not include such facilities as neighborhood service centers or special purpose buildings located in LMI area that house various non-legislative functions or services provided by government at decentralized locations. This does not exclude, however, the removal of architectural barriers in order to make public buildings accessible to elderly and handicapped persons.

6. General government expenses cannot be paid with CDBG funds, except for those costs that are directly attributable to administration of a local CDBG program and are documented as such. (Eligible cost expenses are detailed in 2 CFR Part 200).

7. CDBG funds cannot be used to pay for facilities or equipment used for political purposes or to engage in other political activities such as candidate forums, voter transportation, or voter registration. However, a facility originally financed in whole or in part with CDBG funds may be sued on an incidental basis to hold political meetings, candidate forums, or voter registration campaigns, provided that all parties and organizations have access to the facility on an equal basis, and are assessed equal rent or use charges, if any.

8. The purchase of equipment with CDBG funds is generally ineligible, except (a) the purchase of construction equipment is ineligible, but compensation for the use of such equipment through leasing, depreciation, or use allowances pursuant to 2 CFR Part 200 as applicable for an otherwise eligible activity
is an eligible use of CDBG funds. However, the purchase of construction equipment for use as part of a solid waste disposal facility is eligible (b) fire protection equipment is considered for this purpose to be an integral part of a public facility and thus, purchase of such equipment would be eligible, and (c) the purchase of equipment, fixtures, motor vehicles, furnishings, or other personal property not an integral structural fixture is generally ineligible. CDBG funds may be used, however, to purchase or to pay depreciation or use allowances (in accordance with 2 CFR Part 200, as applicable) for such items when necessary for use by a municipality or county in the administration of activities assisted with CDBG funds, or when eligible as firefighting equipment, or when such items constitute all or part of a public service.

9. The general rule is that any expense associated with repairing, operating, or maintaining public facilities, improvements, and services is ineligible. Specific exceptions to this general rule are operating and maintenance expenses associated with public service activities, interim assistance, and office space for program staff employed in carrying out the CDBG program. For example, the use of CDBG funds to pay the allocable costs of operating and maintain a facility used in providing a public service would be eligible, even if no other costs of providing such a service are assisted with such funds.

Examples of ineligible operating and maintenance expenses are: (a) maintenance and repair of streets, parks, playgrounds, water, and sewer facilities, neighborhood facilities, senior centers, centers for the handicapped, parking and similar public facilities. Examples of maintenance and repair activities for which CDBG funds may not be used include the filling of pot holes in streets, repairing of cracks in sidewalks; the mowing of recreational areas, and the replacement of expended street light bulbs; and (b) payments of salaries for staff, utility costs, and similar expenses necessary for the operation of tourism development and facilities.

9. CDBG funds may be used for the construction of new permanent residential structures or for any program to subsidize or assist such new construction when required to provide last resort housing under the Uniform Relocation Act. Activities in support of the development of LMI housing including clearance, site assemblage, provision of site improvements, and public improvements and certain housing preconstruction costs are considered activities to subsidize or assist new residential construction.

10. The general rule is that CDBG funds cannot be used for income payments for housing or any other purpose. Examples of ineligible income payments include: payments for income maintenance, housing allowances, down payments, and mortgage subsidies. One time payments made on behalf of persons or families to meet emergency needs such as housing or essential utilities is not an income payment and is eligible.

Section 3.04 Eligible Activities
Activities eligible for assistance under the state’s CDBG program are only those authorized in Section 105(a) of the amended 1974 HCD Act. The general rule is that any activity listed in Section 105(a) may be funded in whole or in part with CDBG funds. Below is a partial list of activities from Section 105(a). Communities should be aware that although on activity may be legally eligible under Federal statute and HUD regulations, it may not be competitive under the guidelines and ranking system in the Nebraska CDBG Program. The State has adopted priorities, listed in Section 3.01, which increase the likelihood of funding of certain activities. Restrictions are identified in Sections 3.02 and 3.03 above.

DED will award grants under the Tourism Development to eligible local governments to carry out tourism development projects, defined as tourist attractions (for profit, public, or private) that are expected to draw
2,500 visits or more from origins of at least 100 miles away. Tourism attractions are sites and facilities that draw visitors from a distance because of their scenic, historic, cultural, heritage, scientific, educational, and/or recreational attributes. Tourism attractions projects also serve and provide facilities that service community activities along with regional activities. The projects focus on meeting and improving multi-faceted facilities for assisting in community economic development at the local, regional, and statewide level. Tourism attractions meeting the national and state CDBG objectives may include:

1. Historic restoration, rehabilitation, and preservation such as buildings or sites either listed in the National Register of Historic Places or eligible for listing, state, or local inventory as a historic place, or designated as a state or local landmark or historic district.

2. Scientific and educational interpretive sites and facilities, such as, on-site heritage/work environments, cultural awareness centers, and scientific educational centers.

3. Heritage, historical, and cultural recreational sites and facilities, such as buildings or sites either listed in the National Register of Historic Places or eligible for listing, state, or local inventory as a historic place or designated as a state or local landmark or historic district.

4. General administration and audit costs.

5. The acquisition of real property (including air rights, water rights, and other interests therein) which is
   a. Blighted, deteriorated, deteriorating, undeveloped, or inappropriately developed from the standpoint of sound community development and growth;
   b. Appropriate for rehabilitation or conservation activities
   c. Appropriate for the preservation or restoration of historic sites, the beautification of urban land, the conservation of open spaces, natural resources, and scenic areas, the provision of recreational opportunities, or the guidance of urban development;
   d. To be used for the provision of public works, facilities, and improvements eligible for assistance under this program; or
   e. To be used for other public purposes.

6. The acquisition, constructions, reconstruction, or installation (including design features and improvements with respect to such construction, reconstruction, or installation that promote energy efficiency) of public works, facilities (except for buildings for the general conduct of government), and site or other improvements.

7. Code enforcement in deteriorated or deteriorating areas in which such enforcement, together with public improvements and services to be provided, may be expected to arrest the decline of the area.

8. Clearance, demolition, removal, and rehabilitation (including rehabilitation which promotes energy efficiency) of buildings and improvements (including interim assistance, and financing public or private acquisition for rehabilitation, and rehabilitation, or privately owned properties and including the renovation of closed school buildings).

9. Special projects directed to the removal of material and architectural barriers which restrict the mobility and accessibility of elderly and handicapped persons.
10. Payments to housing owners for losses of rental income incurred in holding for temporary periods housing units to be utilized for relocation of individuals and families displaced by CDBG activities.

11. Disposition (through sale, lease, donation, or otherwise) of any real property acquired with CDBG funds or its retention for public purposes.

12. Payment of the nonfederal share required in connection with a federal grant-in-aid program undertaken as part of activities assisted under this program.

13. Relocation payments and assistance for displaced individuals, families, businesses, organizations, and farm operations, when determined by the grantee to be appropriate activities.

14. Payment of reasonable administrative costs and carrying charges related to the planning and execution of community development and housing activities, including the provision of information and resources to residents of areas in which community development and housing activities are to be concentrated with respect to the planning and execution of such activities, and including the carrying out of activities as described in Section 701(e) of the Housing Act of 1954 on the date prior to the enactment of the Housing and Community Development Amendments of 1981.

15. Activities which are carried out by public or private nonprofit entities, including
   f. Acquisition of real property;
   g. Acquisition, construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or installation of public facilities (except for buildings for the general conduct of government),
   h. Site improvements, and
   i. Utilities.

Section 4.01 Maximum Grant Amount
The maximum Tourism Development grant amount is $350,000. The minimum amount an applicant shall apply for is $50,000 in TD funds, which includes administrative and audit costs.

Section 4.02 Matching Funds Requirements
Proposed match must be from CDBG eligible activities directly related to the proposed project(s). Consideration for match will be given for such sources as public and/or private funds, or in-kind services such as materials, labor, or other items that are directly related to the project.

Under the TD program category, activities require a 25% match. No more than half of the total project match may be in-kind source contributions. The amount of match must be calculated in dollars.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TD activities</th>
<th>Match</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The applicant would be allowed 10% or $15,000, whichever is less of the CDBG award for General Administration and up to $8,000 can be used for Construction Management.

*General Administration and Construction Management do not require any matching funds.*
TD Program Category Match Example

All activities funded with TD resources, except costs associated with administration, require a minimum cost-share where the local match must be at least 25% of total CDBG project activity costs. Proposed match should be from CDBG eligible activities directly related to the proposed project. Costs associated with administration are those of general administration and construction management. All other costs are considered CDBG project activity costs OR non-administrative costs.

The TD match example* calculates a 25% match for a CDBG TD project receiving $250,000 CDBG award (A) subtracting the maximum allowable costs for construction management $8,000 CDBG funds (B) and $15,000 general administration CDBG funds (C) accounts for $227,000 in CDBG funds for TD activities (D). The local match calculation (E) is 25% of $227,000 CDBG funds (D), which the $56,750 is the required match (see TD Match Example table*).

TD Match Example*  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(A)</th>
<th>(B)</th>
<th>(C)</th>
<th>(D)</th>
<th>(E)</th>
<th>(F)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total CDBG Award</td>
<td>0380 Construction Management ($8k MAX)</td>
<td>0181 General Administration (10% MAX)</td>
<td>0180 Total Non-Admin Costs [A-(B+C)]</td>
<td>Local Match 25% CDBG amount item (D) [D*25%]</td>
<td>1000 Total Project Costs [A+E]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$250,000</td>
<td>$8,000</td>
<td>$15,000</td>
<td>$227,000</td>
<td>$56,750</td>
<td>$306,750</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 4.03 Program Income

Program income for the State’s CDBG program is regulated by the provisions of 24 C.F.R. §570.489(e). The text of this regulation should be consulted for definitions and for other guidance concerning program income. Grantees that receive a CDBG award will be governed by the policies written in the Department’s Annual Action Plan and the (5-year) Consolidated Plan section “Program Income”. Related policy guidance can be found in the Nebraska CDBG Program Administration Manual in Chapter 8 “Program Income”. Lastly, Program Income (and Re-Use Plans) are addressed within your CDBG Contract (per project).

The State CDBG objective for program income is to provide adequate financing for local development to ensure Nebraska’s economic prosperity and to use all resources in a timely manner. The State is seeking to provide a policy for use of program income that coordinates local and State resources to the fullest extent possible. The State is responsible for ensuring that program income at the State and local levels is used in accordance with applicable federal laws and regulations.

Program Income – Definition:

Program Income is defined as gross income received by a State, a unit of general local government, or a subgrantee of the unit of general local government (or “UGLG”) that was generated from the use of CDBG funds, regardless of when the CDBG funds were appropriated and whether the activity has been closed out, except in limited circumstances [See also 24 CFR 570.489(e)(2)]. When Program Income is generated by an activity that is only partially assisted with CDBG funds, the income must be prorated to reflect the percentage of CDBG funds used.

All Program Income is and remains subject to all requirements of the HCDA and CDBG regulations. Program Income which may become a part of a Department approved community CDBG revolving loan fund remains...
subject to all requirements of the HCDA and CDBG regulations. This means all loans made from such a fund, including second and subsequent generation loans, are, and continue to be, subject to all CDBG requirements.

All Program Income earned during the grant period must be expended on the project activities prior to drawing down additional CDBG funds under the grant. Program Income earned after the completion of the grant activities is subject to the same CDBG requirements.

*Program income includes, but is not limited to, the following:*

1. Proceeds from the disposition by sale or long-term lease of real property purchased or improved with CDBG funds except in instances where the proceeds are received more than 5 years after expiration of the grant agreement between the state and the unit of general local government.” [See also 24 CFR 570.489(e)(2)(v)];
2. Proceeds from the disposition of equipment purchased with CDBG funds;
3. Gross income from the use or rental of real or personal property acquired by the unit of general local government or subgrantee of the unit of general local government with CDBG funds, less the costs incidental to the generation of the income;
4. Gross income from the use or rental of real property, owned by the unit of general local government or other entity carrying out a CDBG activity that was constructed or improved with CDBG funds, less the costs incidental to the generation of the income;
5. Payments of principal and interest on loans made using CDBG funds;
6. Proceeds from the sale of loans made with CDBG funds, less reasonable legal and other costs incurred in the course of such sale that are not otherwise eligible costs;
7. Proceeds from the sale of obligations secured by loans made with CDBG funds, less reasonable legal and other costs incurred in the course of such sale that are not otherwise eligible costs;
8. Interest earned on funds held in a revolving loan fund’s cash balance interest-bearing account;
9. Income earned on program income pending disposition of the income;
10. Funds collected through special assessments made against nonresidential properties and properties owned and occupied by households not of low and moderate income, if the special assessments are used to recover all or part of the CDBG portion of a public improvement; and
11. Gross income paid to a unit of general local government or subgrantee of the unit of general local government from the ownership interest in a for-profit entity acquired in return for the provision of CDBG assistance.

**Section 5.01 Submission of Applications and Selection of Grantee**

*Eligible local governments may individually or jointly apply and receive one grant per year in the Tourism Development category.*

Applications are prepared at the applicants’ expense and costs are not reimbursable. Applications for TD program category will be accepted beginning May 1, 2017 and considered on an open cycle.

Applications will be reviewed, by DED, according to the selection criteria established in **Section 5.03** of the Application Guidelines.

Applications recommended for award through these processes will be presented to DED’s Director for a grant award (i.e. Notice of Approval). DED will send a formal Notice of Approval Letter to the applicant upon approval of the recommendation. A letter of non-selection will be issued to those applicants not recommended for award.
The following threshold requirements must be met by the local government applicant in order to be eligible for program resources. Applications will be not considered and returned if the following threshold requirements are not met: These requirements include:

- Applicant is eligible
- Activities proposed are eligible and comply with CDBG National Objectives and State CDBG priorities. See the CDBG National Objective Section for more information.
- Applicant has no significant, unresolved audit finding
- Applicant has no legal actions under way that may significantly impact its capacity
- Applicant is following a detailed Citizen Participation Plan (CPP) and Anti-Displacement Plan
- Applicant has adopted an authorizing participation resolution
- Applicant is current with all reporting requirements (semiannual status reports, closeout reports, audit reports, notification of annual audits, etc.)
- Applicant has shown progress (including expenditures) on prior CDBG grants.
- All TD projects require a minimum 25% match of CDBG funds with funds from other (non-CDBG source. At a maximum, no more than one-half of that total project match must be non-CDBG cash contributions. General administration activities require no matching funds.

**CDBG NATIONAL OBJECTIVE**

All Tourism Development projects funded, and CDBG-funded project activities, must meet a National Objective of the CDBG Program. This includes:

- LMI: Benefiting low-to-moderate income persons (including on an area basis, or serving a limited clientele, or creating or retaining jobs benefiting low-to-moderate income persons)
- SB: Aiding in the prevention or elimination of slums or blight (including both area wide and on a spot basis)

A project or project activity that fails to meet one of these specified national objectives is ineligible for CDBG resources.

**Section 5.02 Special Policies for Thresholds for Selection**

Special policies affecting thresholds for selection in Section 5.01 are:

1. The citizen participation plan must contain provisions for the involvement of citizens, particularly LMI residents, in all phases of the project. Each local government submitting a single application or participating in a joint application must have and follow a citizen participation plan. The plan must provide for:
   a. Proper notice and access to all meetings and project records
   b. Technical assistance on request to group’s representative of LMI persons
   c. A minimum of two public hearings, each at a different stage of the program, for the purpose of obtaining citizen’s views, responding to proposals and questions (specifically during the application phase, the hearing(s) must cover community and housing needs, development of proposed activities to be undertake, the amount of funds requested, the estimated amount proposed to benefit LMI persons, the amount and source of matching funds, if any, and
applicant’s plans for minimizing displacement of persons as a results of CDBG assisted activities and for assisting person actually displaced; and specifically during the implementation phase, the hearing(s) must review program performance. The minutes of the public hearing and the public hearing notice are to include each listed statement. Public hearings for joint applicants must be held in each participant’s jurisdiction and the application must be available for public inspection at each locality.

d. A process for responding to complaints and grievances within 15 working days

e. The needs of non-English speaking residents where a significant number of them can be expected to participate in public hearings.

2. The **residential anti-displacement and relocation assistance plan** must be adopted and certified by the local government and be available to the public. A certification and plan is required even if the applicant is not proposing activities which will result in demolition or in the conversion of an LMI unit to a use other than LMI housing. The plan must contain two components (a) one-for-one replacement unit requirement, and (b) a relocation assistance component.

   a. **One-for-One Replacement** unit requirement applies to all occupied and vacant occupiable LMI dwelling units that will be demolished or converted to another use as a direct result of a CDBG assisted activity. Occupiable dwelling unit is a residential unit that is in standard condition or in a substandard condition, but suitable for rehabilitation.

      (1) An LMI dwelling unit is defined as a unit with a market rental, including utility costs, that does not exceed the Section 8 fair mark rent (FMR) as established by HUD. Whenever assisted rehabilitation raises the rent above the FMR that unit must be replaced.

      (2) A “vacant occupiable dwelling unit” is a unit in standard condition or a unit in substandard, but is suitable for rehabilitation; or a dwelling unit that has been occupied (except for a squatter) at any time one year prior to the Notice of Approval date for an approved application.

      (3) A unit is “standard condition” is ready to be lived-in with only a minimal amount of deferred maintenance or repair required at a reasonable cost.

      (4) A unit “suitable for rehabilitation” is defined for purposes of this certification as a unit whose estimated repair, rehabilitation, weatherization, and/or general improvement costs do not exceed one half of its replacement value after rehabilitation. The local government may use their own definition for “suitable for rehabilitation” provided such definition is made public and DED determines the definition to be acceptable.

      (5) Replacement LMI units must be provided within three years from the start of demolition or conversion and must be:

          i. Located within the same jurisdiction
ii. Sufficient in number and size to house at least the number of occupants that were or could have been housed; according to local occupancy codes

iii. Provided in standard condition or brought up to a standard condition

iv. Designed to remain LMI units for ten (10) years.

v. Replacement units may include public housing and housing with Section 8 project-based assistance.

(6) Assistance cannot be obligated to the demolition or conversion activity until the local government makes public and submits to DED information that identifies:

i. The activity – the location and number of units by bedroom size

ii. The proposed demolition or conversion schedule

iii. The number and placement of replacement units and their size

iv. The source of funding and time schedule for replacement units

v. The basis for concluding that each replacement unit will remain a LMI unit for 10 years.

b. Relocation Assistance must be provided to each LMI family displaced by the demolition or conversion to another use of any housing unit because of an assisted activity. Persons must be provided assistance as prescribed in the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (49 CFR Part 24) or 24 CFR 570.496a(c).

3. The procurement process for consultant selection must be outlined in accordance with Section 5.05 (3) Competitive Proposals. A grantee must use procurement procedures that are in conformance with State and local laws and regulations, Federal law and the standards identified for grantees within 2 CFR200.300–345.

Grantees must establish and maintain effective internal control over the CDBG award, providing reasonable assurance that all parties involved are in compliance with federal, state, and local statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the CDBG award.

Overall, recipients of CDBG funds are responsible for ensuring competitive procurement for goods and services, in accordance with established rules and regulations using full and open competition. Complete documentation of this process is required.

In specific instances, Exhibit K may be required at the time of application along with related supplemental documentation. There may be instances where the applicant submits more than one such exhibit, for example when separately procured consulting firms provide general administrative and planning activities.
Applicants shall complete Exhibit K1 if this process as described in Section 5.05 will not be used. The applicant must state why and identify and describe the process used for selecting a consultant. This also includes the process used for selecting of the consultant that implements the project. Exhibit K2 shall be completed if the procurement process is completed prior to submission of application. Procurement process must follow state and federal requirements with the exception of the Applicant/Grantee acting in their own capacity.

Supplemental materials must be provided that clearly demonstrate the applicant community carried out the procurement process, this includes documentation that a reasonable number of appropriate firms were contacted directly and in a meaningful manner. Documentation must also include a narrative indicating the method of procurement, reasoning for selecting that method, how and by whom the procurement process was carried out, and any other pertinent information about the procurement process, including a description of how the applicant made meaningful contact to a reasonable number of appropriate firms (e.g. five). As an example, meaningful contact may involve an applicant sending the request for proposal directly to firms known to complete the scope of work and follow up with a phone call or email that confirms receipt of the request.

**WARNING:** With the exception of contracts for general administration services, DO NOT execute any contract for goods or services prior to the Department issuing a written Notice of Release of Funds and Environmental Clearance.

**Section 5.03  TD Priority Point System for Selection**

*Applicants should use this portion of the application to describe the challenges and opportunities within the project area and how the project can address identified community development needs. Provide specific information about the issues and/or problems the project will address, line item budget, preliminary schedule, and how the project fulfills the selected National Objective information in this section.*

**One-page Project Summary Instructions**

Applicants are required to submit a one-page summary describing the nature and scope of the project. This summary is utilized to determine eligibility of project activities and provides overall context to the selection criteria for scoring of applications, as such, it is of vital importance to the ability of DED to review and score an application. This summary should include a how the project proposes to address one primary objective and outcome as described in Section 2.03 of the Application Guidelines. *For example, the proposed housing study will provide the opportunity for improved affordability of decent housing in Anytown.*

The Matrix below describes each selection criteria as a numerical score within the TD Program. The maximum number of points available within any application is 1,000 points. A minimum score of 300 points is required and some criteria require a minimum score as noted below. All selection criteria will be scored in five point increments and shall be scored on a scale.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TD Selection Criteria</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
<th>Threshold Minimum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Project Need</th>
<th>200</th>
<th>75</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2. Project Impact</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>75</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Project Readiness</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Community Support</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Match</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. LMI Benefit</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Municipal Equalization Fund (MEF) Score</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,000 points</strong></td>
<td><strong>300 points</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. **Project Need**

Up to 200 points possible. If the minimum of 75 points is not met, the application will not be reviewed further.
The level of project need will be compared to other applicants.

Points in this section include:

- **0 - 75**: No clearly defined problem or no clear description of the need for the project.
- **76 - 150**: Minor problems or minor needs are only defined.
- **151 - 200**: Major problems or description of project need is clearly defined.

The application narrative shall be scored for:

a. Explanations of the overall purpose of the project application and factual information that illustrates the tourism development needs
b. Past efforts to resolve the address the needs for tourism development
c. Stated goals and objectives for addressing the needs with a description of how the community will be included in the citizen participation process in order to determine the objectives.

2. **Project Impact**

200 points maximum possible. If minimum of 75 points is not met, the application will not be reviewed further. Describe the importance of project activities to the community and provide clarity on how the project will benefit those identified by a CDBG National Objective. The significance of the project impact will be scored as compared to other applicants.

Points in this section include:

- **0 - 75**: Inadequately defined project impact.
- **76 - 150**: Reasonably defined project impact that is average compared to other applicants.
- **151 - 200**: Above average description of project impact.

Within this section, the applicant should explain what the expected outcome of the project will be and the positive impact on local and regional economies.

3. **Project Readiness**

Up to 250 points possible. If minimum of 100 points are not met, the application will not be reviewed further. The level of capacity and commitment by the community will be scored as compared to other applicants.

Points in this section will include:
0 - **100**: Lack of local staff or ability to oversee the efforts from planning to the implementation of the physical project, no availability of the site(s) investigated, preliminary work is not substantially completed, and project is not construction ready.

**101 - 175**: Local capacity is demonstrated through past projects, past community improvement efforts, citizen participation, there is strong evidence of a commitment to proceed with project, the feasibility and cost estimates are reliable, the project is construction ready, and financial resources have been investigated.

**176 - 250**: Significant local capacity demonstrated through past improvement efforts, financial resources are secured and pending CDBG award approval, match/non-CDBG funding is committed and documented, and environmental review has been completed.

### 4. Community Support

Up to 150 points possible. If the minimum of 50 points is not met, the application will not be reviewed further. Applicant’s description of public participation and the process used to identify community needs and allocate resources to address needs will be compared to other applicants.

The following criteria will be taken into consideration when determining the community score for the Citizen Participation section.

- Completed a comprehensive needs assessment
- The needs assessment process includes documented citizen participation
- Developed, distributed, and analyzed a community needs survey
- Held public meetings to discuss the outcomes on the community needs analysis
- Documentation showing the community needs assessment took place within the past 3 years
- Developed a priority list using the community needs assessment process
- Developed a strategy to address items in order of the communities priority list
- A record of conducting other community and economic development efforts with significant citizen involvement within the last three years that address items ranked on the communities priority list
- The community has adopted or updated a comprehensive plan, housing study, and/or a capital improvement plan within the last five years
- The community can show evidence of economic initiatives such as: LB840, completing a business retention and expansion survey, or other viable fundraising efforts

Points in this section include:

- **0 - 50**: Has not completed a majority of the above criteria.
- **51 - 100**: Has completed a majority of the above criteria
- **101 - 150**: Has completed and properly documented most or all of the above criteria.

### 5. Matching Funds

Up to 50 points is possible. No minimum points in this section are required in order to meet threshold. Applicants that commit local funds (including “other” funds and/or in-kind contributions) to the project’s non-administrative activities that exceed the required match will be eligible for additional points. The table below further describes these criteria.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Matching Funds Exceeding</th>
<th>Points Available</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10% or greater</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-9.99%</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3-4.99%</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less than 3%</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. **LMI Benefit**

Up to 50 points possible. No minimum points in this section are required in order to meet threshold. This scoring category is designed to give points to communities with higher concentrations of LMI persons. Communities with a LMI population of 55% or more will receive 50 points. Communities with a LMI population between 51% - 54.99% will receive no points in this section. Narrative is not required under this section, the submitted documentation within Exhibit E will be reviewed by the Department.

7. **Municipal Equalization Fund (MEF)**

A Municipal Equalization Fund (MEF) score will be generated for each community that has applied for this program category. This aid formula provides a way of looking at needs and resources while at the same time ensuring that local governments provide a level of local resources. DED will incorporate the MEF calculation into the scoring criteria for this program category. Narrative is not required under this section.

Section 5.04  **Use of Consultants**

CDBG funds cannot be used to fund application preparation and Release of Funds must be received before engineering/architectural services or other project activities are eligible for reimbursement.

There are a number of reasons why a community may want to use consultants to assist with preparing a Community Development Block Grant application or administering a grant, such as when:

1. Work requires special professional services, such as accounting, architectural, engineering, legal, or planning services;
2. Local staff is inexperienced in the area of grant writing or project administration, or is already committed to other ongoing activities; or,
3. Work involves a short-term, but somewhat specialized project activity that does not justify hiring experienced, full-time staff.

Communities selected for CDBG funding will receive written guidelines regarding the federal and state requirements for selection of consultants to assist with project implementation, such as engineers, architects, planners, housing management administrators, or project administrator. The federal requirements do not apply to communities selecting consultants to assist with the preparation of an application; however, these costs are not eligible for reimbursement.

The **procurement process** for consultant selection must outlined in detail in accordance with **Section 5.04 (3)** Competitive Proposals. In specific instances, Exhibit K Procurement Process may be required at the time of application along with related supplemental documentation. Applicants shall complete Exhibit K1 if this process as described in **Section 5.04 (3)** will not be used. The applicant must state why and identify the process that will be used for selecting a consultant. This also includes the process used or electing the application preparer if that firm or individual is a part of or included in the process intended for selection of the consultant that implements the project. Exhibit K2 shall be completed if the procurement process is completed prior to submission of
application. Procurement process must follow state and federal requirements with the exception of the Applicant/Grantee acting in their own capacity. Additional information is available within Section 5.02.

Several points should be considered before selecting any consultant, engineer, architect, planner, housing management administrator, or other professional to help assure that the community will receive satisfactory service. Cost-plus contracts are prohibited.

1) “Loss-Leader” Arrangements
“Loss-leader” arrangements, where a consultant offers to prepare a grant application or preliminary engineering estimates at cut rates or at no cost in return for a future contract if the application is funded, are prohibited by federal regulations. Some firms may suggest this approach because costs incurred by a city or county prior to the award of CDBG funds, such as preparation of the application or preliminary engineering studies, not eligible for reimbursement. However, loss-leader arrangements violate federal regulations which require “maximum open and free competition.” Professional organizations also consider this practice unethical because it deprives the client of the benefits that can results from competition among competent, professional firms.

2) Selection of Engineers, Planners, or Administrative Consultants Prior to Grant Award
Generally, the use of multi-services procurement and contracting is prohibited, except for:

a) When local officials decide to procure the services of an engineer to assist them with both preparation of preliminary engineering plans (that is not grant application preparation) and project engineering, in the event their community is selected for grant award;

b) When a community wants to conduct one procurement process to cover both grant preparation and grant administration; and

c) When a community wants to conduct one procurement process to cover both planning grant application preparation and planning grant implementation (contingent upon CDBG award).

On occasion local officials decide to procure the services of an engineer to assist them with both preparation of preliminary engineering plans and project engineering, in the event their community is selected for grant award. Likewise, some communities want to conduct one procurement process to cover both grant preparation and grant administration. This approach is permitted under federal procurement regulations. Obviously, in both cases, the selection process would occur prior to grant application. Any agreement between the community and the engineer or consultant that includes preliminary and project engineering or grant writing and administration services would have to be contingent upon award of CDBG funds. Any such contract also would have to have the prior approval of the Department of Economic Development to assure that federal procurement procedures complied with, and that all required federal clauses are included in the contract. Local officials would have to follow the procedures briefly outlined below under Competitive Proposals.

3) Competitive Proposals
Procurement by “competitive proposals” is a method used to meet federal and state requirements for soliciting architectural, engineering, legal, management, or accounting services. If your CDBG application is selected for funding, this is the procedure that is most appropriate to solicit and select professional services for your project. You may also want to use this procedure to select a consultant to assist you with the preparation of a CDBG application.
Competitive proposals are advertised and requested from several qualified sources.

HUD regulations for competitive proposals require the following:

(1) Requests for proposals (RFP’s) or qualifications (RFQ’s) must be publicized and identify all evaluation factors and their relative importance.

For example: RFP evaluation criteria may include technical expertise of the firm and its personnel (25 points); past record of performance on projects of similar nature, including quality of work and cost control (25 points); familiarity with CDBG program (20 points); capacity of firm to perform the work within time schedule (20 points); and the nature and extent of services proposed versus estimated fees (10 points); etc.

In general, grantees should use RFP process for professional planning services.

(2) Proposals must be solicited from an adequate number of qualified sources (at least three);

(3) Grantees and sub-grantees must have a method for conducting technical evaluations of the proposals received according to the criteria specified in the RFP and for selecting awardees;

(4) Awards must be made to the responsible firm whose proposal is most advantageous to the program, with price and other specified factors considered; and

(5) Grantees may use competitive proposal procedures for qualification-based procurement of architectural/engineering (A/E) professional services, whereby competitor’s qualifications are evaluated and the most qualified competitor is selected subject to negotiation of fair and reasonable compensation.

The method where price is not used as a selection factor can only be used in procurement of Architectural or Engineering services.

DED recommends sending RFP’s to firms serving your region of the State. In addition to advertising in your local newspaper, you should also advertise in at least one other newspaper that is widely distributed in your region of the state. The community would evaluate the firms responding and could then conduct interviews with one or more of the firms responding and select a consultant. The community then negotiates a contract with terms and conditions to its satisfaction.

A response to an RFP should not be confused with competitive bid. A bid is an estimate of cost in response to detailed specifications. A response to a RFP in the competitive proposal process in a description of how a consultant proposes to approach solving your problem. Competitive proposals refer to the comparison of qualifications and may include fees where required or deemed appropriate. However, the main focus in selecting the consultant is to evaluate the content of the proposal and the consultant’s qualifications and demonstrated competence.

4) References

Any time a consultant solicits your business you should always check references prior to contracting with them. Request a list of prior clients, showing the organization’s name, address, phone number and contact
person, as well as a brief description of the work performed. A list of the most recent clients is preferable (especially previous CDBG projects). Contact each reference. Some useful questions might be:

- Were you satisfied with the work?
- Was it performed on time?
- Was the consultant knowledgeable about the program?
- Were the tasks or work products prepared by the consultant useful?
- Did the consultant work with local staff to develop local capacity?
- Were the costs or charges reasonable? Did they stay within their original budget?
- Would you hire them again?

In addition, check to see if the work done for these clients is similar to what you want the consultant to do. The ability to write a grant application does not mean the same consultant has the capability to assist you with managing a grant.

Sometimes the firm you are interested in will be a new firm with few if any client references. New, small firms can be just as good as well established, large firms, so instead of asking for client references, you would ask for past employer references.

Checking references prior to contracting is the most important action you can take to avoid becoming involved with a less than satisfactory firm.

5) **Involve Local Staff**

Whenever you retain a consultant to assist you with preparing a grant application or managing a CDBG project, make sure that someone from the city or county works with the consultant and understands the community’s application or the management issues involved. You should have a local staff person become familiar with the regulations for the CDBG program and work closely with the consultant in developing the application or managing the project. A consultant is a technical resource.

**Section 5.04 Post Award Requirements**

Consideration should be given to a variety of Federal and State regulations that can have scheduling or cost implications. Among these are:

**Records**

All information on grant-assisted activities must be retained for ten years following completion and closeout of the grant. During the grant period, performance reports are required semi-annually.

**2 CFR Part 200 Subpart F**

Local governments and nonprofits that expend $750,000 or more must conduct a single audit of federal and local funds.

**Davis-Bacon Act**

This and related acts require that prevailing wage rates be paid to all employees working on a construction contract of $2,000 or more.

**Acquisition/Relocation**

Regulations for acquisition and relocation emphasize anti-displacement and should be discussed with the Department URA representative at the beginning of the project. The Uniform Relocation and Real Properties
Acquisition Act (URA) apply to all federally assisted activities that involve the acquisition of real property or the displacement of persons. If CDBG funds are used in any part of the project, the URA would govern the acquisition of real property, including easements, and any resulting displacement, even if local funds are used to pay the acquisition costs. The URA requirements may include: formal notification of the affected property owner(s), preparation of an appraisal to determine fair market value, and a written purchase offer based on an amount determined to be fair market value. The only exception is a voluntary transaction that meets certain criteria.

Regulations emphasize anti-displacement. However, if displacement is necessary, relocation assistance must be provided to persons displaced by rehabilitation, acquisition, demolition, or the conversion of units for use other than low- to moderate-income dwelling units. Grantees will be required to replace every occupied unit that is demolished or converted with CDBG funds on a one-for-one basis within a three-year period.

**Procurement**

Open and free competition on solicitation of professional services or construction bidding is also required. If the applicant intends to use CDBG funds to pay all or a portion of fees, or intends to claim fees as match, then CDBG procurement guidelines must be followed. For more information see Section 5.05 of the Application Guidelines.

**Environmental Review**

Grant recipients are required to obtain appropriate environmental clearance for their projects and to maintain an Environmental Review Record for each project. The review process involves consultation with various agencies, groups and individuals regarding: historic properties, floodplain management, wetland protection, noise control, air quality, explosive and flammable operations, airport hazards, water quality, threatened and endangered species, wild and scenic rivers, farmland protection, environmental justice, contamination, and toxic substances. The environmental review and Request for Release of Funds/Certification, if required, must be completed before the grantee, or any participant in the development process, incur costs against the project.

**Special Assessments**

Where CDBG funds are used to pay all or part of the cost of a public improvement, special assessments to recover the non-CDBG portion may be made provided that CDBG funds are used to “to pay” the special assessment on behalf of all properties owned and occupied by low- and moderate-income persons. For more information see Section 3.02(3).

**Equal Opportunity, Fair Housing, and Handicap Accessibility**

Laws require that CDBG grantees administer their projects in a manner that affirmatively furthers fair housing and equal opportunity. All grantees will be required to undertake specific activities to further fair housing. Grantees must also assure that all activities and services are accessible to those with disabilities.

**International Energy Conservation Code**

Most new construction or substantial rehabilitation of buildings must meet the 2009 International Energy Conservation Code or the most recent version of the International Conservation Code in effect, as required by 72-804-806 NRRS, and provide for Nebraska Energy Office (NEO) review of plans and specifications (at no cost) that meet said standards. This applies to lighting, heating, cooling, ventilating, or water heating equipment or controls, as well as building envelopes.

As an alternate compliance method when a licensed architect and/or engineer have designed a subject building, a Designer Certification may be submitted to NEO instead of building plans and specifications. The certification form, which will be provided by the NEO, will attest that the building design complies and provide summary information about the design.
When the Energy Office has determined that a subject building complies, or has received documentation of alternate compliance, it will provide a Verification of Construction form on which it must be certified that the building is constructed substantially according to the plans. At key points during construction, the building should be inspected to verify that insulation and other envelope components, and all specified lighting, heating, cooling, ventilating and water heating equipment and controls are installed as indicated on the plans. The Verification of Construction form must be signed and returned to the Energy Office within twenty (20) days following substantial completion. Contact NEO at (402) 471-2867 for a copy of the code.

Continued Use
All community facilities assisted with CDBG funds must remain in the same use for five years after grant closeout. For more information see 24 CFR 570.489.

Section 6.01  Glossary of Terms

Age of Seniors
For purposes of this program and qualifying a project as meeting the low- and moderate-income national objective by principally benefitting seniors, a senior citizen is a person aged 62 or older.

Annual Action Plan
The Annual Action Plan updates the Nebraska Housing and Community Development Consolidated Plan, a five-year plan addressing the state’s housing and community development needs.

Assessment Abatement
To pay fees levied against private property for the costs of public facilities activities (see special assessment). In order to maximize benefit to low- and moderate-income households, funds may be used to abate the assessments for these owner-occupied households.

Beneficiary
The ultimate consumer of HUD programs who receives benefits from a HUD Recipient or Sub-recipient.

Community Development Need
A demonstrated deficiency in housing stock, public facilities, economic opportunities, or other services that is necessary for developing or maintaining viable communities.

Comprehensive Strategic Approach
A comprehensive strategic approach is one that effectively utilizes community needs assessments, stakeholder participation, and planning processes. A comprehensive approach should include: significant needs identification, adopted or updated Comprehensive Plan, housing study, and capital improvement plan.

Consolidated Plan
The Nebraska Five-Year Consolidated Plan is a comprehensive planning document identifying the state’s needs in housing, homelessness, community and economic development. The State is required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to complete a Consolidated Plan every five years to receive federal funds for the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME), National Housing Trust Fund (HTF), Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA), and Emergency Solutions
Grant (ESG) programs. Two other State funded programs are included in the plan, Homeless Shelter Assistance Trust Fund (HSATF) and Nebraska Affordable Housing Trust Fund (NAHTF).

**Department or DED**
Nebraska Department of Economic Development. The state agency that administers the federal Community Development Block Grant State Program for communities under 50,000 population with funds allocated to the US Department of Housing and Urban Development.

**Disability**
Any condition or characteristic that renders a person an “individual with disabilities” as defined in 24 CFR Part 8.3 (Code of Federal Regulations). An “individual with disabilities” means any person who has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities; has a record of such impairment; or is regarded as having such impairment.

**Eligible Activities**
Those activities authorized in Section 105(a) of the amended 1974 Housing and Community Development Act. However, the State and local participants have developed priorities, listed in Section 3.01, that best serve their interests and increase the likelihood of being funded.

**Family**
A family is defined as all persons living in the same household who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption. An individual living in a housing unit that contains no other person(s) related to him/her is considered to be a one-person for this purpose. A dependent child who is living outside of the home (e.g. students living in a dormitory or other student housing), is considered for these purposes to be part of the family upon which he/she is dependent, even though he/she is living in another housing unit.

**Firm Public or Private Commitment**
An agreement by a private or public party to take part in a local community development project. The party must demonstrate the capacity to carry out the activity specified in the grant application. The agreement may take the form of a city council or county board resolution, letter from a governmental agency, or a letter of credit from a private lending institution.

**Flood and Drainage**
Facilities designed to influence or affect the flow in a natural water course (such as a river, stream, lake, or intermittent stream) and excludes storm sewers.

**Grant Closeout**
The process by that the department determines that the grant recipient and the department have completed all applicable administrative actions and all required work.

**Grant Contract**
The legally binding contract between the state and a grant recipient. It consists of the notice of grant award, special conditions to the contract, certifications to comply with applicable state and federal regulations, the project budget, and the grant application.
Household
All the persons who occupy a housing unit. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements.

Housing and Community Development Needs Assessment
A statement by the applicant that lists the community’s development needs, including housing needs and needs of low- and moderate-income persons and strategies to address the needs. Required of all applicants to be eligible for CDBG funding under Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act.

Income
The total gross income (before taxes) of all members of a family who are age 15 or older. Income includes all monies received by all members of the family such as gross wages and salaries, bonuses, tips, interest, dividends, social security, other retirement, supplemental security income, welfare, disability, VA payments, unemployment, alimony, other. A family that is involved in a business where the finances are interrelated with the family budget (such as a farmer) should consider their income as net after expenses, as reported to the Internal Revenue Service.

Language Assistance Plan (LAP)
A written implementation plan that addresses identified needs of the LEP persons served.

Leverage
Funds that are committed to the project activities exceeding the required match. Leverage may include public and private funds, or in-kind services, such as materials, labor, or other items that are directly related to the project. Leveraged funds may be considered only if they are spent during the project period. (Date of Release of funds through the project completion date). The amount of leverage must be given in dollars.

Limited English Proficient Person (LEP)
Individuals who do not speak English as their primary language and who have a limited ability to read, write, speak, or understand English because of national origin.

Low- and Moderate-Income
For CDBG, a person is considered to be of low income only if he or she is a member of a household whose income would qualify as "very low income" under the Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments program. Generally, these Section 8 limits are based on 50% of area median. Similarly, CDBG moderate income relies on Section 8 "lower income" limits, which are generally tied to 80% of area median.

Low- and Moderate-Income Person
A member of a family having an income as described under the Low- and Moderate-Income definition.

Lower-Income Person
A member of a family having an income equal or less than the Section 8 “lower income” limit established by HUD (80% or less of the area median). Unrelated individuals shall be considered as one-person families for this purpose.

Municipal Equalization Fund (MEF) score
The Municipal Equalization Fund (MEF) was created in 1996 as a needs-based method of providing state aid to cities. The program is administered by the Nebraska Department of Revenue, with data provided by the
Department of Revenue’s Property Assessment and Research Divisions, and the Nebraska Auditor of Public Accounts. Final aid calculations for Nebraska communities are posted in June of each year.

This aid formula provides a way of looking at needs and resources while at the same time ensuring that local governments provide a level of local resources. DED will incorporate the MEF calculation into the scoring criteria for this program.

Each city’s population is multiplied by the average per capita property tax levy for the relevant population group. Then each city’s property tax valuation is multiplied by the state average property tax levy. These numbers are used to make the preliminary determination for state aid under the MEF formula. If a city’s population multiplied by the average per capita property tax levy is greater than the state-wide average levy multiplied by its valuation, the community will earn points. If the difference is negative, no points will be awarded under the MEF scoring criteria for this program.

All of the incorporated cities in a state are divided into three population groups:

1. Municipalities with a population of 5,000 inhabitants or more;
2. Municipalities with a population between 800 and 5,000 inhabitants; and
3. Municipalities with a population of 800 inhabitants or less.

Populations are based on the last decennial census including those modified by annexations that have taken place since the last census and any special censuses completed by the US Census Bureau.

**Neighborhood**
A geographic location with the jurisdiction of a unit of general local government (but not the entire jurisdiction) designated in comprehensive plans, ordinances, or other local documents as a neighborhood, village, or similar geographical designation; or the entire jurisdiction of a unit of general local government that is under 25,000 population.

**Neighborhood-based nonprofit organization**
An association or corporation, duly organized to promote and undertake community development activities on a not-for-profit basis within a neighborhood. To be considered neighborhood-based, the majority of the organization’s membership, clientele, or governing body are residents of the neighborhood where activities assisted with CDBG funds are to be carried out.

**Non-administrative costs**
Costs associated with administration are those of general administration, construction management, and housing management. All other costs are considered CDBG project activity costs OR non-administrative costs.

**One-page Project Summary**
Applicants are required to submit a one-page project summary describing the nature and scope of the project. This summary is utilized to determine eligibility of project activities and provides overall context to the selection criteria for scoring of applications. This summary should include a how the project proposes to address at least one objective and one outcome as described in Section 2.03.

**Single Purpose Project**
One or more activities designed to meet a specific community development need.
Special Assessment
A fee or charge levied or filed as a lien against a parcel of real estate as a direct result of benefit derived from the installation of a public improvement or a onetime charge made as a condition of access to the improvement. The amount of the fee represents the pro rata share of the capital costs of the public improvement levied against the benefitting properties. For additional information see, Section 3.02 (3).

Target Area
A defined geographic area within which an applicant has determined that, based on community plans or other studies, a need for community development activities exists. A target area may be a neighborhood of 100 or more families in a community or an entire community. The target area must encompass the entire area served by the project. For additional information, see Section 3.02 (4).

Units of Accomplishment
Awarded projects must report on accomplishments specific to project outcomes. There are seven accomplishment types, the number of accomplishments will depend on the project activities to be undertaken. These types include People, Households, Businesses, Organizations, Housing Units, Public Facilities, and Jobs. For reporting purposes, at the time of application, the number of accomplishments is considered “proposed” and upon completion of project activities, the accomplishments are considered “actual”.

Vital Document
Any document that is critical for ensuring meaningful access to the Recipient’s major activities and programs by Beneficiaries generally and LEP persons specifically.